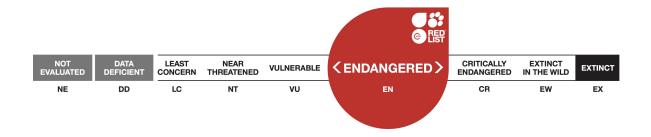


# Cornu mazzullii

Assessment by: Falkner, G., Falkner, M. & von Proschwitz, T.



View on www.iucnredlist.org

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## **Taxonomy**

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Mollusca	Gastropoda	Stylommatophora	Helicidae

Taxon Name: Cornu mazzullii (De Cristofori & Jan, 1832)

#### Synonym(s):

• Cantareus mazzullii

• Helix cephalaeditana

#### **Taxonomic Notes:**

Personal observations by Falkner and Beckmann suggest that the populations are isolated and often exhibit marked morphological differences. These might could indicate that the species is probably polytypic, or even contains cryptic species.

#### **Assessment Information**

Red List Category & Criteria: Endangered B2ab(iii) ver 3.1

Year Published: 2013

**Date Assessed:** November 12, 2010

#### Justification:

This species is endemic to the north-western coastal part of Sicily. The distribution area is severely fragmented and the sub-populations live in isolated spots. The area of occupancy is thought to be quite small, and inferred from the available information surely less than 500 km². The sub-populations of this species are threatened by over collection of mature reproducing individuals for alimentary purposes by the local population, and is thus supposed to be declining. In addition, the habitats are threatened by urban development and road construction, uncontrolled wild-fires, pasturing, and fall prey to wild boars. It is therefore assessed as Endangered (EN) under B2a+b(iii).

This species has been raised in its category from Vulnerable A1e+2bd in 2000 to Endangered, because of the ongoing and increasing quality of the threats.

#### **Previously Published Red List Assessments**

2000 – Vulnerable (VU)

# **Geographic Range**

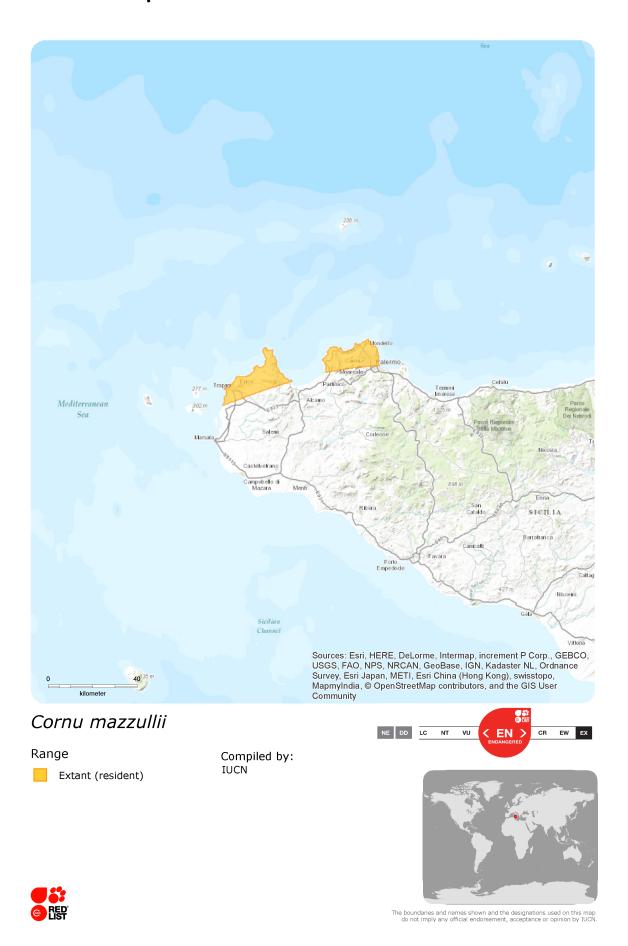
#### Range Description:

This species is endemic to the north-western coastal part of Sicily. The distribution area is severely fragmented, the sub-populations live in isolated spots. The area of occupancy is thought to be quite small, and inferred from the available information surely less than 500 km<sup>2</sup>.

## **Country Occurrence:**

Native: Italy (Sicilia)

# **Distribution Map**



# **Population**

The population size of Cornu mazzullii is unknown but is observed to be decreasing.

**Current Population Trend:** Decreasing

## Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

The species is found in crevices amongst calcareous rocks.

**Systems:** Terrestrial

### Use and Trade (see Appendix for additional information)

Individuals are collected by the local population for alimentary purposes.

# Threats (see Appendix for additional information)

The main threat to this species is population reduction as a direct result of the collection of individuals for alimentary purposes. Another threat is habitat destruction due to urban development and road construction which directly leads to a serious decline of available habitat. Another threat are uncontrolled wild-fires, which regularly (each year) devastate large areas of the habitats. In some of the places, pasturing also poses a threat, and a large population of wild boars, which feed on the snails.

# **Conservation Actions** (see Appendix for additional information)

No conservation actions are currently in place for this species.

This collection should be managed to halt or reverse the observed decline in the species' population. Manganelli *et al.* (2001) proposed the inclusion of the species into Appendix 1 of CITES. Monitoring of population trends should continue to identify if the current decline of the subpopulations continues.

#### **Credits**

**Assessor(s):** Falkner, G., Falkner, M. & von Proschwitz, T.

**Reviewer(s):** Ward, J. & Cuttelod, A.

# **Bibliography**

IUCN. 2011. IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (ver. 2011.1). Available at: <a href="http://www.iucnredlist.org">http://www.iucnredlist.org</a>. (Accessed: 16 June 2011).

## Citation

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#### **External Resources**

For <u>Images and External Links to Additional Information</u>, please see the Red List website.

# **Appendix**

## **Habitats**

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
0. Root -> 6. Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mountain peaks)	-	Suitable	Yes

### **Use and Trade**

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

End Use	Local	National	International
Food - human	No	Yes	No

#### **Threats**

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

Threat	Timing	Scope	Severity	Impact Score
Residential & commercial development -> 1.1.     Housing & urban areas	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion		
		<ol> <li>Ecosystem stresses -&gt; 1.2. Ecosystem degradation</li> <li>Species Stresses -&gt; 2.1. Species mortality</li> </ol>		stem degradation
				mortality
2. Agriculture & aquaculture -> 2.3. Livestock farming & ranching -> 2.3.4. Scale Unknown/Unrecorded	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion		stem conversion
		1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		
5. Biological resource use -> 5.1. Hunting & trapping terrestrial animals -> 5.1.1. Intentional use (species is the target)	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	2. Species Stresses -> 2.1. Species mortality		mortality
7. Natural system modifications -> 7.1. Fire & fire suppression -> 7.1.3. Trend Unknown/Unrecorded	Ongoing	-	-	-
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem	stresses -> 1.1. Ecosy	stem conversion
		1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		stem degradation
		2. Species Str	esses -> 2.1. Species	mortality

## **Conservation Actions Needed**

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

#### **Conservation Actions Needed**

3. Species management -> 3.1. Species management -> 3.1.1. Harvest management

#### **Conservation Actions Needed**

5. Law & policy -> 5.1. Legislation -> 5.1.1. International level

### **Research Needed**

(http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes)

#### **Research Needed**

3. Monitoring -> 3.1. Population trends

### **Additional Data Fields**

#### Distribution

Estimated extent of occurrence (EOO) (km²): 3250

#### **Population**

Population severely fragmented: No

#### **Habitats and Ecology**

Continuing decline in area, extent and/or quality of habitat: Yes

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